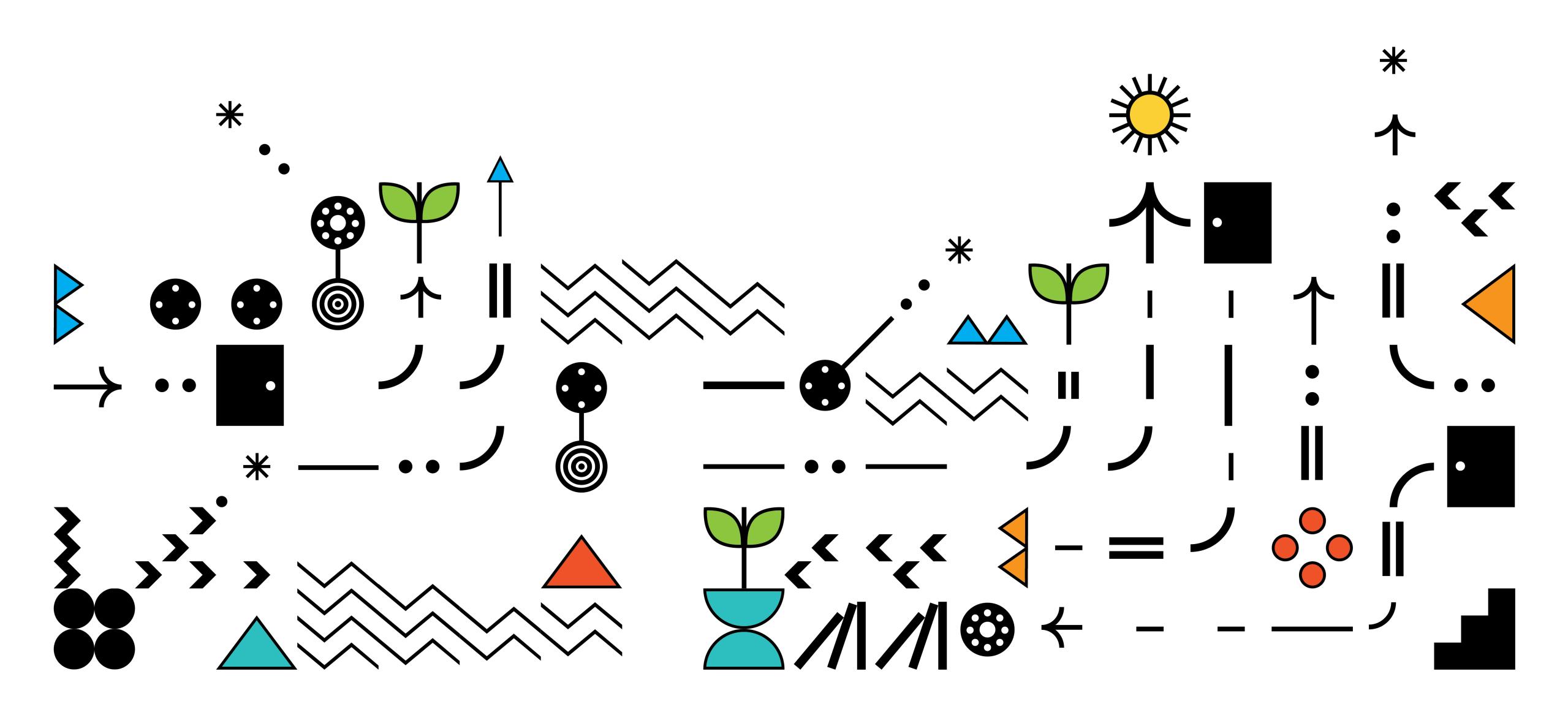
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Leadership and Management for the First-time PI

Hilary Clarke (Chartered MCIPD) **Organisational Developer** - The Academy

Led by

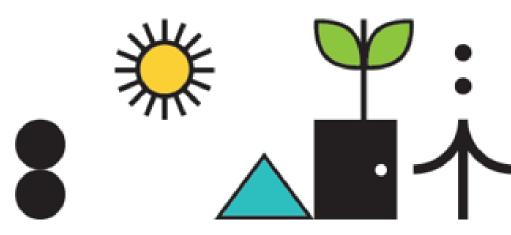
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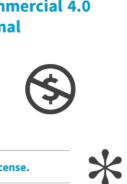
An Academy project

THE

Developing Liverpool







Housekeeping









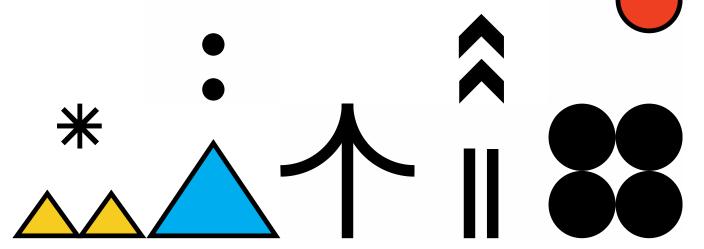


Workshop Objectives

At the end of this session you will have:

- Explored the differences between leadership and management and the benefits of developing your own abilities as a leader and manager.
- Discovered approaches for how you can employ leadership and management techniques effectively with your research staff.
- An understanding of the key elements that need to be in place to develop a high performing team

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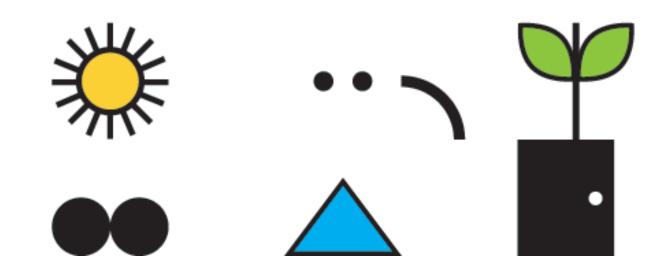
Activity – Break out groups

Identify behaviours that you associate with a Manager

How do those behaviours make you feel?

 Identify behaviours that you associate with a Leader •How do those behaviours make you feel?





Leading an Effective Team

What are the key differences between leadership and management?

- Leadership is doing the right things'
 - **Peter Drucker**

'Management is doing things right

The difference between leadership and management			Dictates	Enforces	Results
Controls	Asks when	Shapes culture	Innovates	Accepts	Asks why
Organises	Passionate	Influences	Challenges	Delegates	Motivates
Vision	Reactive	Breaks rules	Results	Develops	Makes rules
Excites	Inspires	Checks budgets	Risk taker	Plans	Avoids conflict
Being right	Changes	Avoids risks	Empowers	Uses conflict	Disrupts

Management

- Task-oriented
- Transactional
- Doing things right
- Events and tasks
- Rational thinking
- Instructs people
- Cognitive intelligence
- Relies on authority
- Push-approach
- Status quo

Leadership

- People-oriented
- Transformational
- Doing the right things
- Attitudes and behaviours
- Inspirational and visionary
- Listens and empowers
- Emotional Intelligence
- Leads through others
- Asks people
- Pull-approach
- Risk taking

Manage tasks and lead people



WHO ARE THE LEADERS WE ASPIRE TO BE?

Leading an Effective Team



ROLE MODELS

What are the observable skills and attributes of the person you have identified?



John Adair's Action Centred Leadership Model

Individual Maintenance Role

Task Completion

Team Maintenance Role

Leaders Responsibilities

Task

- define the task
- make the plan
- allocate work and resources control quality and rate of work
- check performance against plan
- adjust the plan

- maintain discipline
- build team spirit
- encourage, motivate, give a
- appoint sub-
- leaders
- ensure communication within group
- develop the group

Team

sense of purpose

Individual

- attend to personal problems
- praise individuals
- give status
- recognise and use individual abilities
- develop the individual

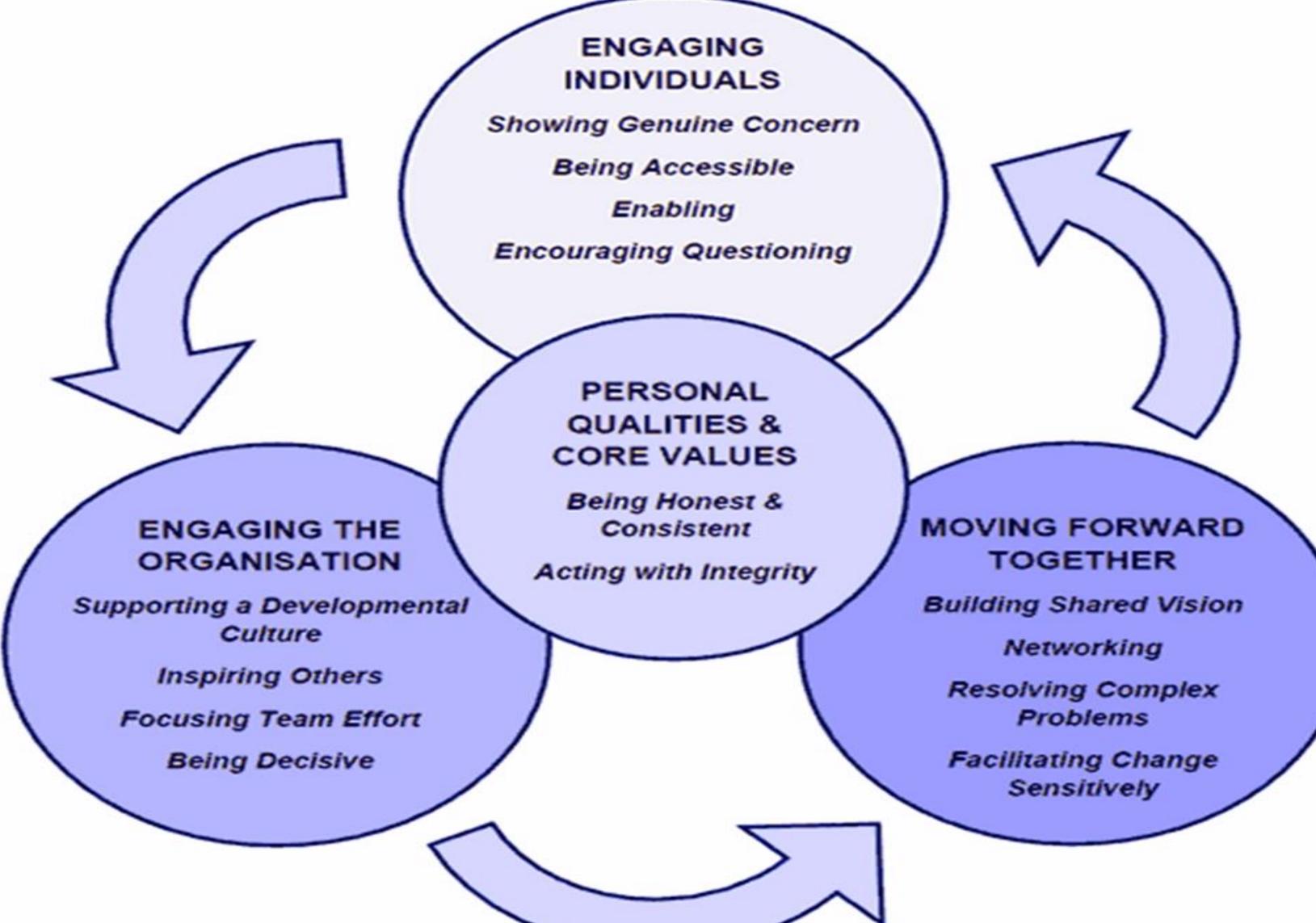
Leadership qualities



Leading an Effective Team

Transformational/Engaging Leadership Model





Prof. Beverley Alimo-Metcalfe



Transformational Leadership Qualities

HUMAN BEINGS – NOT HUMAN DOINGS!

Charismatic – Idealised Influencer - The leader does the right thing – acting out and displaying traits of honesty, trust, enthusiasm, pride etc

as role model

Intellectual stimulation – challenge team to be creative and think differently and be independent

Inspire team to develop and move them to higher levels of performance – transform them into leaders

- Individual consideration ability to connect be in tune leader acts





LEADERSHIP COMMITMENT FRAMEWORK

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- understands the institution, strategy and drivers and can translate these in a meaningful way
- is renowned in their area of academic / research / teaching / professional expertise
- establishes vision and common purpose
- balances and connects strategy with every day operations
- is confident and inspires the trust and confidence of others
- takes ownership and is accountable for decision making
- has a can-do attitude and manages own frustrations constructively and productively
- remains resilient in the face of competing demands
- is self aware of own strengths and takes ownership for personal development

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- creates and takes opportunities to raise the university's profile
- strengthens and develops strategic partnerships
- horizon scans to build awareness of national and global developments
- leads external engagement
- is commercially aware
- maximizes use of available resources
- spots and pursues relevant partnership and funding opportunities
- collaborates and partners within and outside of the institution
- innovates and is forward thinking
- plans ahead to ensure sustainability

Effective Communication and Networking

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- builds strong, respectful relationships within and outside the institution
- demonstrates emotional intelligence and uses a coaching style to listen to, empower and develop others
- values teamwork and develops the team to successfully meet current and future challenges
- spots, nurtures and develops talent within area of responsibility
- is supportive and collegial to facilitate others' wellbeing
- involves and engages others in decisions / changes that affect them
- acknowledges own biases and takes pro-active steps to embed equality
- puts aside personal / departmental allegiances to ensure fairness and impartiality
- role models honesty and integrity

delivers results and evidences impact

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- creates a culture for high performance within their area of responsibility
- effectively leads change
- develops and enacts vision aligned to strategy
- successfully aligns people with different ambitions / priorities towards the institution's strategy and goals
- manages the expectations of those around them
- effectively negotiates and influences across traditional boundaries
- inspires and motivates others
- effectively navigates institutional governance and processes
- problem solves to overcome challenges

What is a Team?

A group of people who co operate in such a way that they accomplish more than the sum total of the individuals



Peter Honey

What is a High Performing Team?

a common purpose, goals and approach for which they hold themselves mutually accountable"

personal growth and outperforms all other like teams"



"A group of people with complimentary skills who are committed to

"Has members who are also deeply committed to one another's

Katzenbach & Smith (2003)

High Performance Teams

What are the characteristics of a high performing team ?

ACTIVITY – POP THESE WORDS IN THE CHAT



Characteristics of a high performing

- A common sense of purpose
- A clear understanding of objectives
- A focus on Research priorities
- Mutual respect
- Mutual trust Psychological Safety
- Willingness to share knowledge and expertise
- A range of skills and abilities
- A range of styles
- Willingness to speak openly
- Celebration and recognition of achievements

High Performance Teams

What are the benefits of high performing teams?

• Activity – pop in the chat

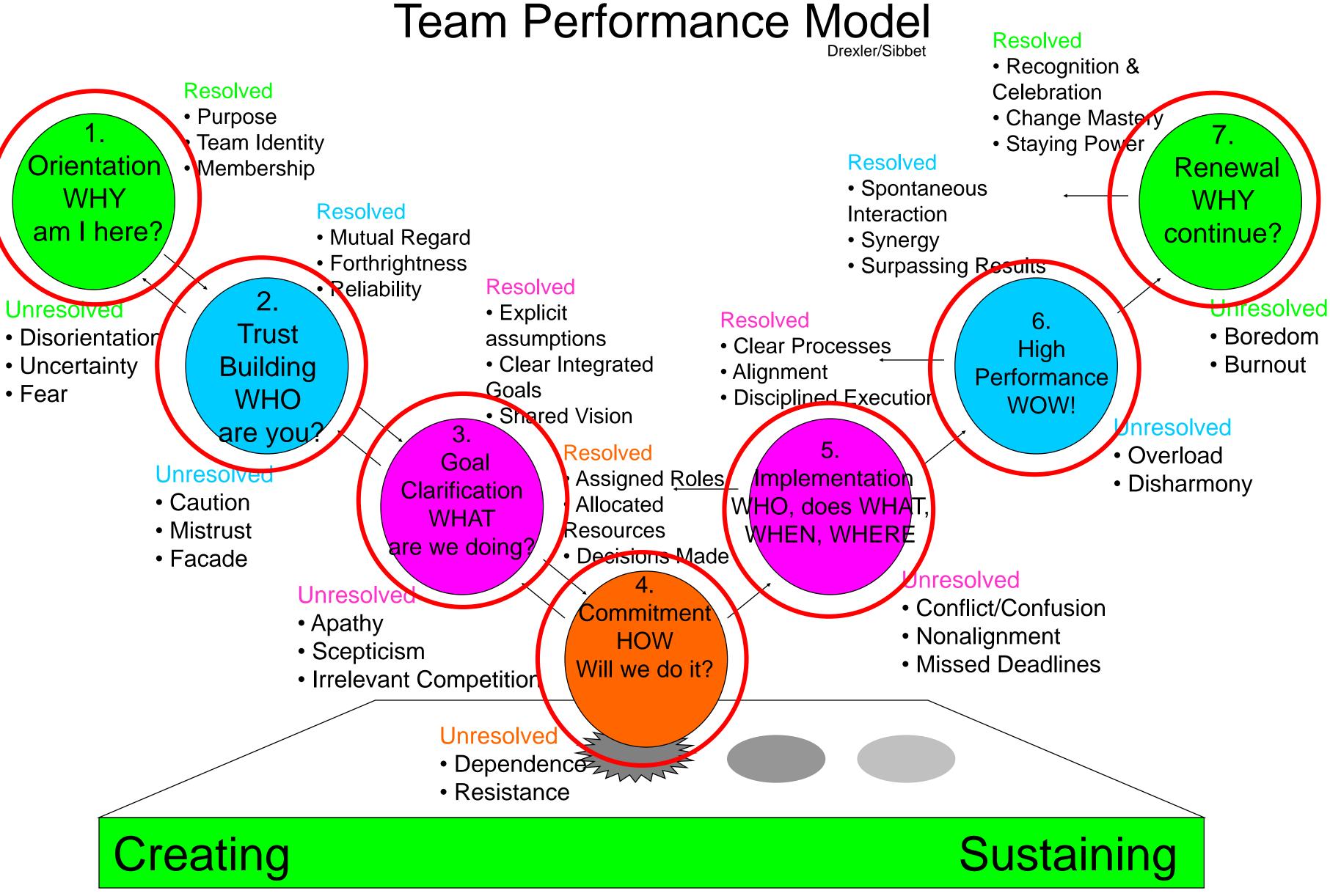


Benefits of a high performing team

- Success, achievement and long term sustainability
- Outstanding experience for our Stakeholders internal/external
- Enhanced reputation
- Creativity and innovation
- Enhanced agility and ability to respond
- Shared knowledge and skills
- Continuous Learning and Development



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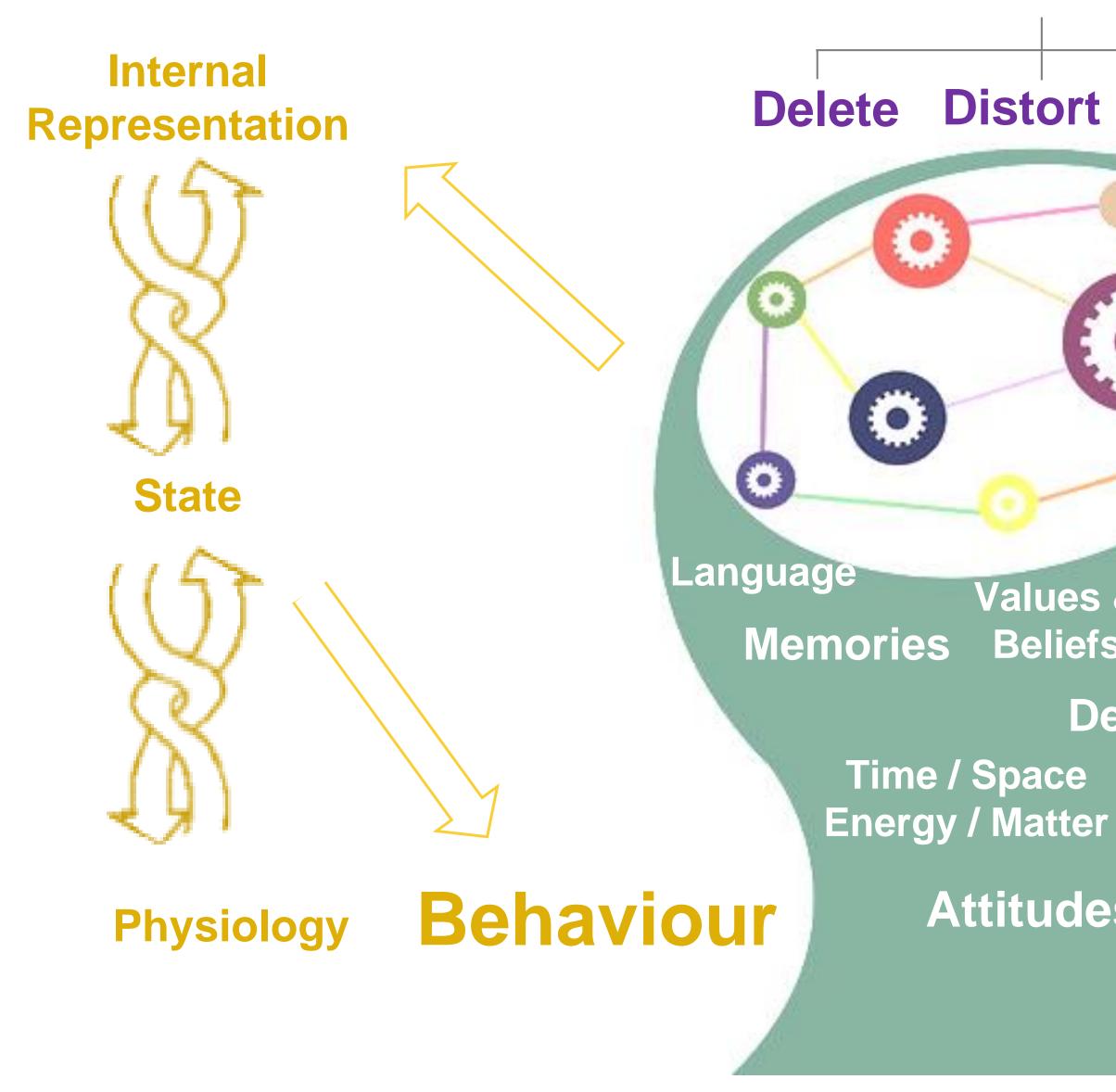






The importance of effective communication

- We cannot not communicate
- Effective communication underpins everything we do
- How do we communicate V,A,K,AD
- Communication Model
- Johari Window
- Dilts Neurological levels of change





Generalise

Hear

Taste

Feel

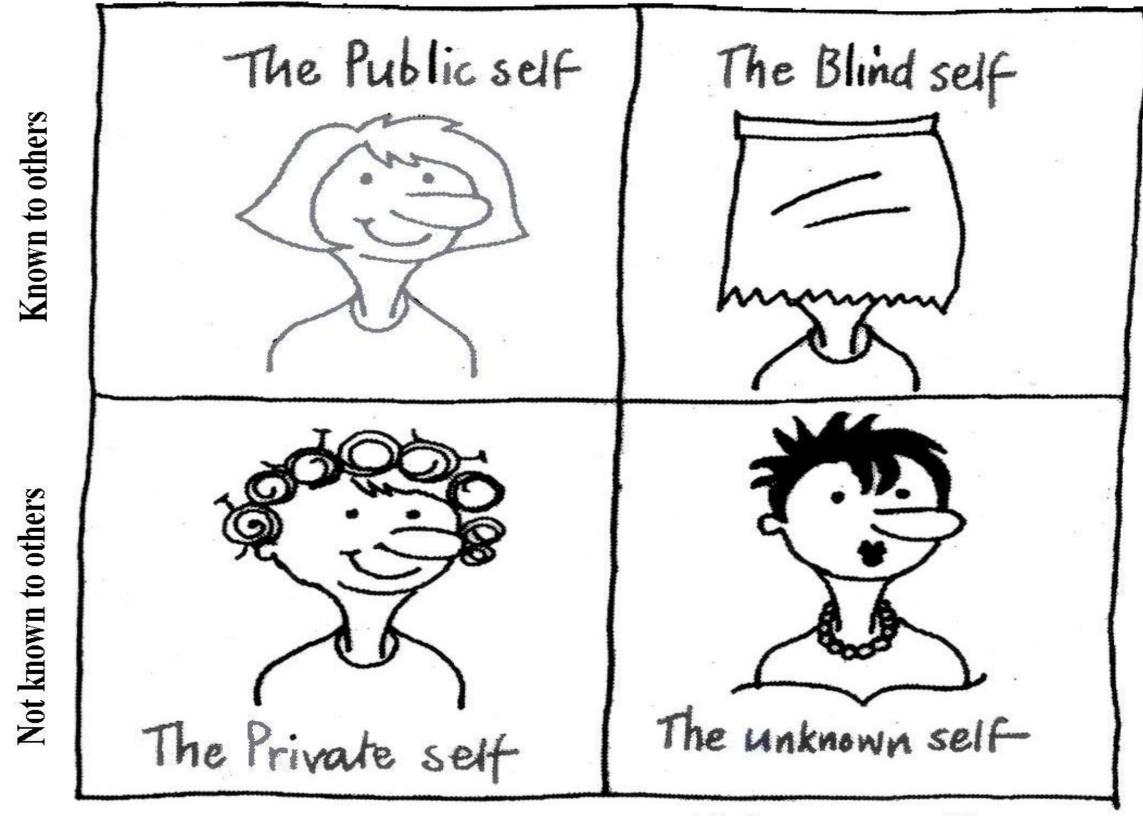
See Meta Values & Programs Beliefs Smell

Decisions

Attitudes

External Event

Johari Window



Known to self

Unknown to self

Joseph Luft and Harry Ingham, 1955

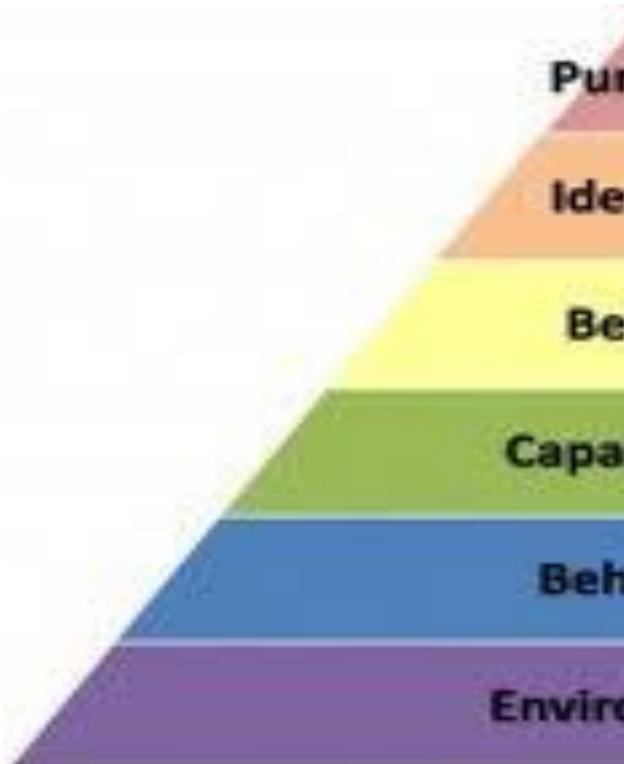


How do you empower staff?



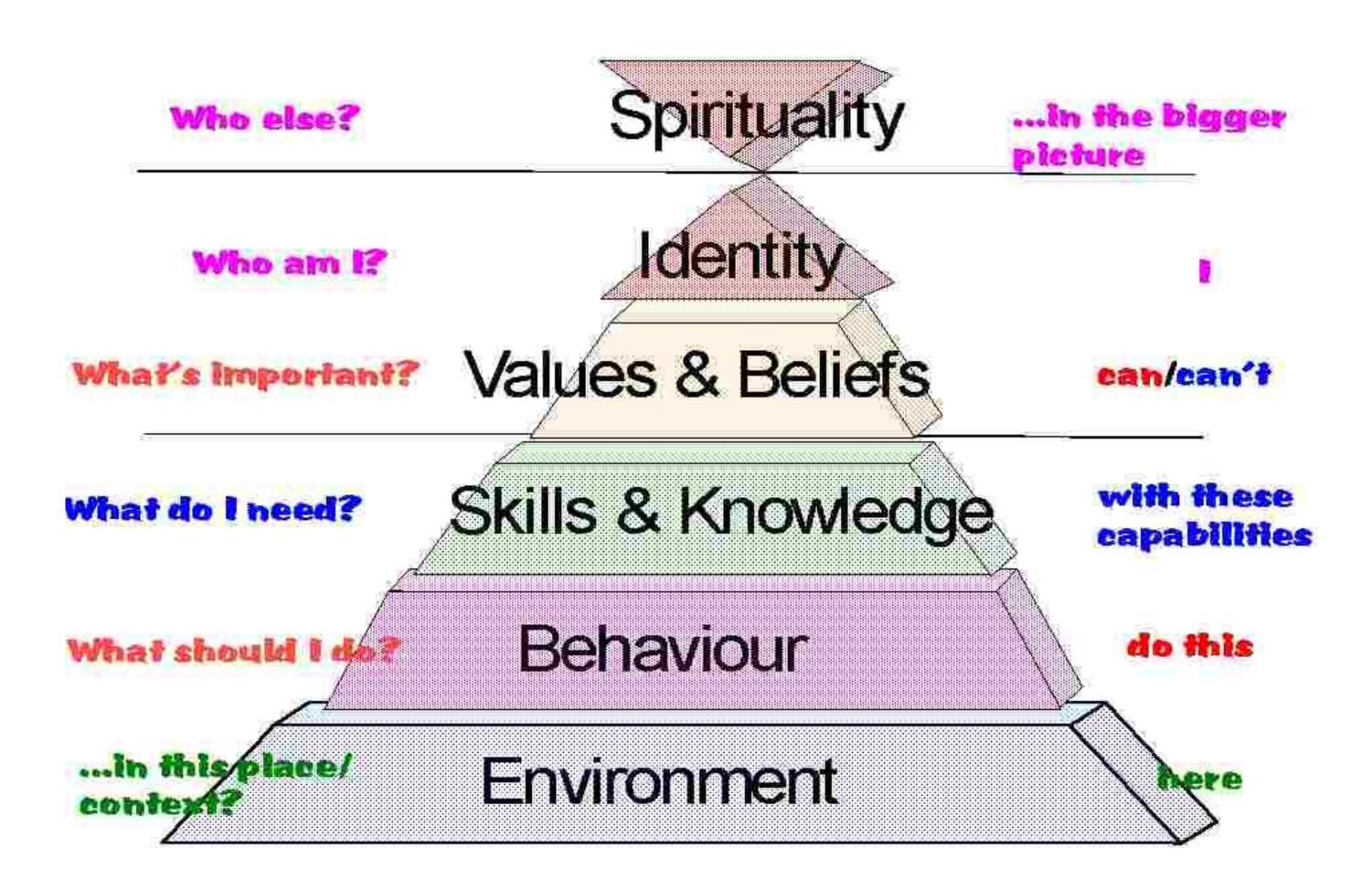
Empowerment

Dilts Model – Neurological levels of change



Purpose Identity Beliefs Capabilities Behavior Environment

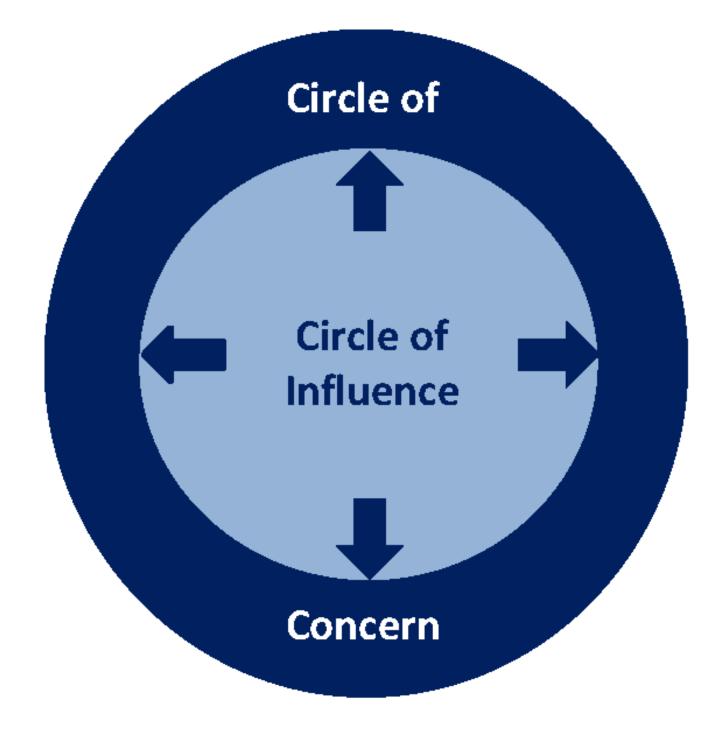




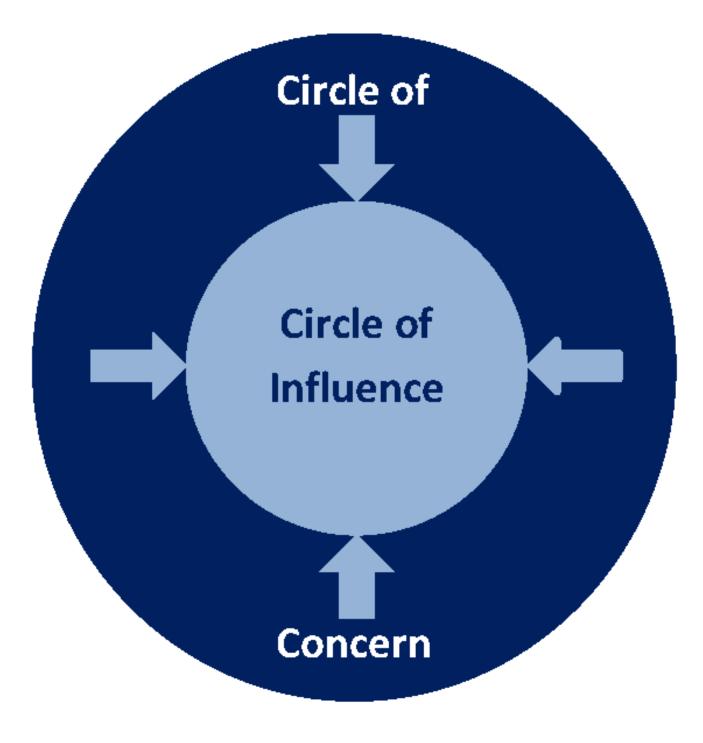


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Circle of Concern & Circle of Influence



Proactive Focus Positive energy enlarges Circle of Influence



Reactive Focus Negative energy reduces Circle of Influence

Stephen Covey

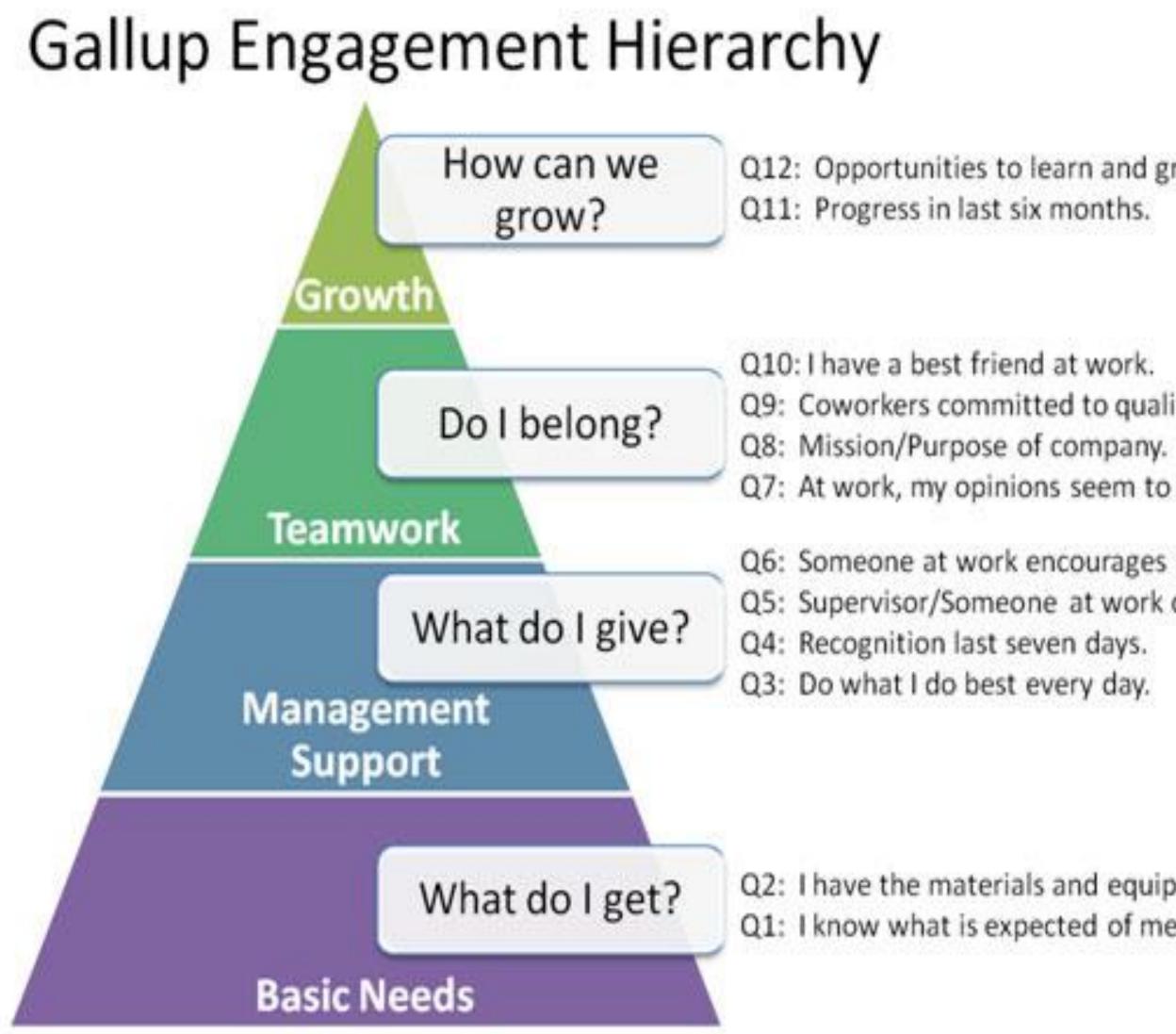
What do you as a leader need to put in place for Your well-being?





How do we know if our team is engaged ?

Gallup



Q12: Opportunities to learn and grow.

Q9: Coworkers committed to quality.

Q7: At work, my opinions seem to count.

Q6: Someone at work encourages my development.

Q5: Supervisor/Someone at work cares.

Q2: I have the materials and equipment. Q1: I know what is expected of me at work.



"Employers want engaged employees because, as well as being happier, healthier and more fulfilled, they deliver improved business performance.

Research has repeatedly demonstrated a relationship between how people are managed, employee attitudes and business performance."



CIPD

Types of Employees



Engaged employees work with a passion and feel a profound connection to their organisation. They drive innovation and move the organisation forward Not engaged employees are essentially "checked out". They're sleepwalking through their work day, putting time – but not energy or passion into their work

Actively disengaged employees are just unhappy at work; they're busy acting out their unhappiness. Every day, these workers undermine what their engaged coworkers accomplish



"What gets measured gets managed"

Measuring Team Performance

Drucker

mproving Team Performance

- Plan What
 - Clear team action plan linked to individual SMART objectives
- Behaviours, Standards and Expectations how
- Monitor to identify progress
 - One to one/Team meetings
 - Performance Review
- Measure and evaluate to celebrate success
 - Stakeholder feedback and benchmarking data lacksquare
 - Objectives achieved/Key Performance Indicators



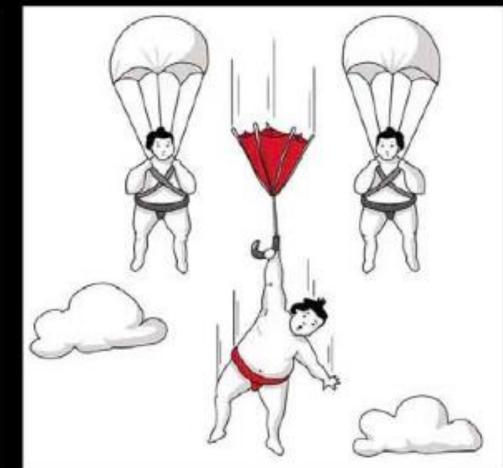
Paul McGee – The Sumo Guy



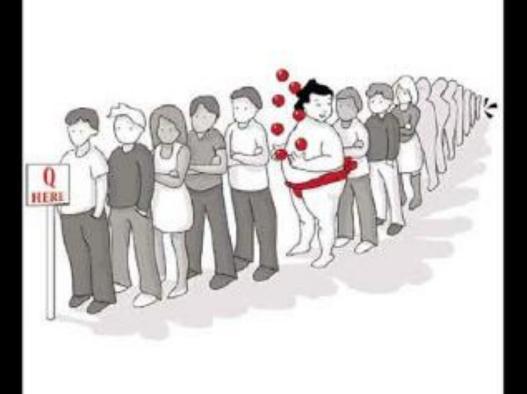


2: How important will this be in 6 months time?

3: Is my response appropriate and effective?



6: What will I do differently next time?



7: What can I find that's positive in this situation?

So what will you do next?

Reflect on a learning point from today

What micro action will do from today? (pop in the chat)

And as the SMA add says – "you're doing great"

Further References for CPD

- Damian Hughes Liquid thinking/High performance Podcasts, High performance teams
- Paul McGee the SUMO guy <u>contact@theSUMOguy.com</u>
- Dan Pink Drive
- Alex Ferguson Leadership
- Simon Sinek Why Leaders Eat Last, Start with Why. Ted talks
- Steven Covey 7 Habits of highly effective people (circle of concern/circle of influence)
- Robert Dilts Neurological levels of Change

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Thank you. Get in touch:

Email: prosper.postdoc@liverpool.ac.uk Website: https://prosper.liverpool.ac.uk/ and https://www.liverpool.ac.uk/researcher/prosper/ **Twitter:** @ProsperPostdoc

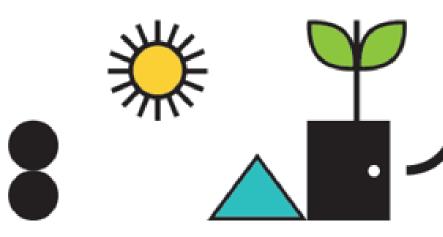
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